METROPOLITAN ZOOLOGICAL PARK AND MUSEUM DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024 and 2023

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities of Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District (the District) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the District's primary government, as listed in the table of contents.

Unmodified Opinions on the Business-Type Activities

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities for the primary government of Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District, as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Adverse Opinion on the Reporting Entity

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the primary government financial statements do not present fairly the financial position of the reporting entity of Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District, as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, or the changes in financial position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified audit opinions.

Matters Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on the Primary Government

The financial statements referred to above include only the primary government of the District, which consists of all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that comprise the District's legal entity. The financial statements do not include financial data for the District's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the District's primary government unless the District also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The District has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. Because of this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units would have been reported as \$1,843,889,119, \$252,095,377, \$1,591,793,742, \$429,889,756, \$289,422,214 for 2024 and \$1,710,273,943, \$257,842,436, \$1,452,431,507, \$411,340,703, \$287,764,873 for 2023, respectively.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 27, 2025 on our consideration of the Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kenber, Eck & Braedel LLP

St. Louis, Missouri March 27, 2025

The management's discussion and analysis of the Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. The management's discussion and analysis should not be taken as a replacement for the financial statements but should be read in conjunction with them to enhance understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The District's net tax revenues increased from \$93,992,728 million in 2022 to \$98,068,571 in 2023 and decreased to \$97,463,083 million in 2024. The District's 2023 net tax revenues exceeded those recognized in 2022 by approximately 4.34%; the 2024 net tax revenues were approximately 0.62% less than those recognized in 2023.
- The District Board of Directors' 2022, 2023, and 2024 tax resolutions allowed the organization to retain the statutory percentage (5%) from current and future collections of the property tax receipts that result from these levies. The amounts withheld were available for the District's administration. The 2024, 2023, and 2022 District administrative expenses represented approximately 0.55%, 0.50%, and 0.48%, respectively, of the years' net tax revenue.
- During 2024, 2023, and 2022, the ZMD Board authorized the distribution of the organization's unused 2023, 2022, and 2021 administrative revenue to the Subdistricts. The unused administrative fees were apportioned in the following manner:

	Amount of Distribution									
	2023	2022	2021							
Zoological Park Subdistrict	\$ 1,358,120	\$ 997,761	\$ 1,197,642							
Art Museum Subdistrict	1,358,120	997,761	1,197,642							
Science Center Subdistrict	683,345	500,227	599,675							
Botanical Garden Subdistrict	683,345	500,227	599,675							
History Museum Subdistrict	683,345	500,227	599,676							
	\$ 4,766,275	\$ 3,496,203	\$ 4,194,310							

• The following table displays the 2024, 2023, and 2022 property tax rates levied by the District for the benefit of the Subdistricts. The table also lists each Subdistrict's maximum authorized rate.

	2024	2023	2022	
	per \$100 of	per \$100 of	per \$100 of	Maximum
Subdistrict	Assessed Valuation	Assessed Valuation	Assessed Valuation	Authorized Rate
Zoological Park Subdistrict	6.71 cents	6.66 cents	7.21 cents	8 cents
Art Museum Subdistrict	6.71 cents	6.66 cents	7.21 cents	8 cents
Science Center Subdistrict	3.35 cents	3.36 cents	3.62 cents	4 cents
Botanical Garden Subdistrict	3.35 cents	3.36 cents	3.62 cents	4 cents
History Museum Subdistrict	3.35 cents	3.36 cents	3.62 cents	4 cents

• The District's support of the Subdistricts continues to provide a significant portion of each cultural institution's operating budget. The economic significance of the distributions varies among the Subdistricts.

Required Financial Statement

The proprietary fund financial statements presented by the District's management include Statements of Net Position; Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and Statements of Cash Flows. The Statements of Net Position summarize the financial position of the District at December 31. These statements are a snapshot of the District's current assets, capital assets, current liabilities and noncurrent liabilities. The statements also show any restriction on the District's net position. The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position summarize the calendar year revenues and expenses. The Statements of Cash Flows account for the net change in cash and cash equivalents resulting from operating activities, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities. These statements assist the reader in determining the sources of cash coming into the District, identifying the items for which cash was expended, and reconciling the beginning and ending cash balances.

These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This accounting method recognizes revenue at the time it is earned rather than when collected; it recognizes an expense when the related liability is recognized or when economic assets are consumed rather than when paid.

Condensed Statements of Net Position December 31,

	<u>2024</u>			<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Current assets Capital assets	\$	92,914,021 486,517	\$	94,760,833 96,377	\$ 87,340,980 95,532
Total assets	\$	93,400,538	\$	94,857,210	\$ 87,436,512
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$	85,834,791 423,614	\$	87,468,559 -	\$ 81,071,210 34,788
Total liabilities		86,258,405		87,468,559	81,105,998
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets		83,911		61,589	2,387
Unrestricted		7,058,222		7,327,062	6,328,127
Total net position		7,142,133		7,388,651	6,330,514
Total liabilities and net position	\$	93,400,538	\$	94,857,210	\$ 87,436,512

The District's current assets include cash and taxes receivable from St. Louis City and County residents. The District's current liabilities consist of amounts due to vendors and the five Subdistricts. Liabilities for Subdistrict funds held on deposit with the District and future collections payable to the Subdistricts are the major components of the District's liabilities. Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and lease liability, resulting from administrative operations, represent a small proportion of the District's liabilities at December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022.

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 97,463,083 98,986,227	\$ 98,068,571 97,878,954	\$ 93,992,728 94,120,183
Operating income (loss)	(1,523,144)	189,617	(127,455)
Nonoperating revenue	1,276,626	868,520	223,072
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(246,518)	1,058,137	95,617
Net position at beginning of year	7,388,651	6,330,514	6,234,897
Net position at end of year	\$ 7,142,133	\$ 7,388,651	\$ 6,330,514

The District's 2024 operating revenue was approximately \$605,000 or 0.62% less than that of 2023. The major components of the revenue decrease included: (1.) The 2024 Real Estate and Personal Property Tax totaled nearly \$283,000 more than the similarly classified revenue earned in 2023, primarily due to newly added property; (2.) Revenue categorized as 2024 Excess Property Tax, M&M Tax, and Surtax totaled approximately \$359,000 less than the amounts recognized in the previous year, primarily due to refunds and adjustments by St. Louis County to prior year assessments; (3.) The 2024 current year Miscellaneous, M&M Tax and Surtax revenue increased from the categories' 2023 revenue by about \$216,000; (4.) 2024 Financial Institution Tax receipts totaled nearly \$117,000 less than the similarly classified revenue earned in 2023; and (5.) The 2024 provision for uncollectible taxes decreased 2024 revenue by approximately \$560,000, an unfavorable change of about \$628,000 from prior year.

The District's 2023 operating revenue was approximately \$4,075,000 or 4.34% more than that of 2022. The major components of the revenue increase included: (1.) The 2022 Real Estate and Personal Property Tax totaled nearly \$4,915,000 more than the similarly classified revenue earned in 2022, primarily due to the increase in assessed values and newly added property; (2.) Revenue categorized as 2023 Excess Property Tax, M&M Tax, and Surtax totaled approximately \$665,000 less than the amounts recognized in the previous year, primarily due to refunds and adjustments by St. Louis County to prior year Personal Property Tax assessments; (3.) The 2023 current year Miscellaneous, M&M Tax and Surtax revenue increased from the categories' 2022 revenue by about \$415,000; (4.) 2023 Financial Institution Tax receipts and interest totaled nearly \$380,000 less than the similarly classified revenue earned in 2022; and (5.) The 2023 provision for uncollectible taxes resulted in a recovery of previously classified uncollectible taxes receivable, a recovery decrease of about \$210,000 from prior year.

The District retains a percentage of its total revenue for administrative expenses. It has been the District's policy to distribute all retained amounts not used for administrative expenses to the Subdistricts during a subsequent year. Due to the timing difference between the recognition of revenue and the subsequent distribution of retained amounts not used for administrative purposes, the District generally realizes a small amount of operating income or loss each calendar year. The District's net position decreased by \$246,518 in 2024 and increased by \$1,058,137 and \$95,617, in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Contacting the Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District's Management

Questions regarding any information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: Matthew L. Pollock, CPA, Executive Director, Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District, 1001 Highlands Plaza Drive W, Suite 310, St. Louis, Missouri, 63110.

Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND December 31,

		Enterpr	ise Fu	ınd
		2024		<u>2023</u>
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,247,396	\$	4,763,620
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		30,504,908		37,742,708
Accounts receivable				
Assessed property tax and license fees, net of				
allowance for uncollectible of \$1,616,955 in 2024				
and \$1,476,155 in 2023		58,137,145		52,243,227
Prepaid expenses		24,572		11,278
Total current assets		92,914,021		94,760,833
Noncurrent assets				
Nondepreciable capital assets - construction in progress		-		53,252
Depreciable capital assets and right-of-use leased assets, net				
of accumulated depreciation and amortization		486,517		43,125
Total noncurrent assets		486,517		96,377
Total assets	\$	93,400,538	\$	94,857,210
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	65,548	\$	56,434
Taxes payable to Subdistricts	•	85,739,850	•	87,377,337
Current portion lease liability		29,393		34,788
Total current liabilities		85,834,791		87,468,559
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Lease liability, net of current portion		423,614		
Total liabilities		86,258,405		87,468,559
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		83,911		61,589
Unrestricted		7,058,222		7,327,062
Total net position		7,142,133		7,388,651
Total liabilities and net position	\$	93,400,538	\$	94,857,210

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND

Years ended December 31,

		Enterpri	ise Fu	nd
		\$ 91,281,020 1,660,534 4,968,692 109,738 (556,901) 97,463,083 98,452,961 294,090 5,955 45,136 16,551 18,112 41,778 5,594 7,780 2,781 95,489 98,986,227 (1,523,144) 214,274 1,096,725 (34,373) 1,276,626 (246,518) 7,388,651		2023
Operating revenues	¢	01 201 020	\$	01 006 014
Real and personal property tax Merchants' and manufacturers' license	\$		\$	91,096,814
Surtax on commercial real estate				1,350,120
Financial institution tax				5,323,922
				226,221
Provision (allowance) for uncollectible taxes		(556,901)		71,494
Total operating revenues		97,463,083		98,068,571
Operating expenses				
Subdistrict support		98,452,961		97,384,294
Salaries and personnel costs		294,090		281,270
Office occupancy		5,955		13,148
Professional services				
Legal fees		45,136		50,350
Audit fees		16,551		16,027
Information technology		18,112		14,721
Insurance		41,778		44,680
Office administration		5,594		3,395
Board administration		7,780		6,248
Human resources		2,781		2,614
Depreciation and amortization		95,489		62,207
Total operating expenses		98,986,227		97,878,954
Operating income (loss)		(1,523,144)		189,617
Nonoperating revenue (expense)				
Investment income				
District		214,274		146,650
Subdistricts		1,096,725		722,902
Interest expense - office lease		(34,373)		(1,032)
Total nonoperating revenues		1,276,626		868,520
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(246,518)		1,058,137
Net position at beginning of year		7,388,651		6,330,514
Net position at end of year	\$	7,142,133	\$	7,388,651

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND Years ended December 31,

	Enterp	rise Fund
	2024	<u>2023</u>
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from St. Louis City and County taxpayers	\$ 91,569,165	\$ 102,306,834
Payments to and for the benefit of employees	(290,128)	(274,883)
Payments to suppliers, vendors and Subdistricts	(100,242,277)	(91,126,640)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(8,963,240)	10,905,311
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Purchase of capital assets, including construction in progress	(41,013)	(63,052)
Principal payments on leases	(46,220)	(58,357)
Interest payments on leases	(14,550)	(1,032)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(101,783)	(122,441)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Investment income	1,310,999	869,552
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(7,754,024)	11,652,422
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	42,506,328	30,853,906
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 34,752,304	\$ 42,506,328
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used in) operating activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,523,144)	\$ 189,617
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	95,489	62,207
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable, net	(5,893,918)	4,238,263
Prepaid expense	(13,294)	(5,694)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	9,114	13,755
Taxes payable to Subdistricts	(1,637,487)	6,407,163
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (8,963,240)	\$ 10,905,311
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to		
statements of net position		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,247,396	\$ 4,763,620
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	30,504,908	37,742,708
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 34,752,304	\$ 42,506,328
Noncash investing and financing activites		
Assets acquired through leases	\$ 464,439	\$ -

NOTE A | SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District (the District) was established by Missouri Statute on January 1, 1972. At its inception, the District included three Subdistricts: the Zoological Park Subdistrict, the Art Museum Subdistrict, and the Science Center (Museum of Science & Natural History) Subdistrict. The voters of St. Louis City and County allowed the Botanical Garden to become the group's fourth Subdistrict in 1983; the Missouri History Museum entered the District in 1988.

The statute provides that all tax monies, including real and personal property tax, financial institution tax, merchants' and manufacturers' licenses, commercial real estate surtax, and railroad and utility taxes, received for a Subdistrict shall be segregated from all other funds. The Subdistricts' officers may draw upon these funds when properly authorized vouchers are submitted.

The statute further provides that the District may retain five percent of total tax revenue for administrative expenses. Prior to 2008, the District Board limited the organization's administrative retention percentage to two percent of the collections from each year's tax levy. The 2008 through 2024 tax resolutions allowed the District to retain the statutory percentage, five percent, from its current and future collections of 2008 through 2024 property taxes. It has been the District's policy to distribute all retained amounts not used for administrative expenses in a subsequent year.

The Board consists of eight members, each appointed for a four-year term. The Mayor of the City of St. Louis appoints four Board members, and the St. Louis County Executive also appoints four Board members.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies, established in GAAP and used by the District, are discussed below.

Reporting Entity

The financial statements include only the primary government of Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District, which consists of all funds that comprise the District's legal entity. The financial statements do not include financial data for the District's legally separate component units.

As defined by generally accepted accounting principles, component units are legally separate entities that should be included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operating or financial relationships with the District. Although legally separate, each Subdistrict is a component unit due to its fiscal dependence and financial burden on the District.

Section 184.380, RSMo requires the District to submit an annual report to the Mayor of the City of St. Louis and St. Louis County Executive by the second Monday in April. The financial information for each of the District's component units is not made available in time to meet the District's statutory reporting deadline, and therefore, the District has elected to exclude all component units from these financial statements.

Complete financial statements for each of the District's component units (Subdistricts) can be obtained by contacting each entity's administrator at the following addresses:

Zoological Park SubdistrictSt. Louis Science Center SubdistrictArt Museum Subdistrict1 Government Drive5050 Oakland Ave1 Fine Arts DriveSt. Louis, MO 63110St. Louis, MO 63110St. Louis, MO 63110stlzoo.orgslsc.orgslam.org

History Museum Subdistrict and the Missouri Historical Society c/o P.O. Box 11940 c/o P.O. Box 299
St. Louis, MO 63122 St. Louis, MO 63166 mobot.org

Basis of Presentation

All activities of the District are considered business-type activities and are reported in the following proprietary fund:

Enterprise Fund

The District uses an Enterprise Fund to account for its activities including the collection of tax monies received from the City of St. Louis (City) and St. Louis County (County), the payment of expenses for operating the District, and the maintenance of assets held by the District for the benefit of the Subdistricts.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, are reported.

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred or economic assets are consumed.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The statute authorizing the establishment of the District mandates that all tax monies collected for a Subdistrict shall be segregated from all other funds. The District has recognized these tax monies along with the interest earned on such amounts as restricted cash and cash equivalents.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied annually on or about November 1 and are payable by December 31. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on January 1 of the following year. Taxes are collected by the City and County and remitted to the District. Tax receipts are forwarded to the District at least once each month.

Because some taxes ultimately may not be collected, an allowance for uncollectible taxes is recorded. Increases in the allowance are recorded by a provision for uncollectible taxes. Estimating the amount of uncollectible taxes is subjective. Accordingly, the allowance is maintained by the District at a level considered adequate to cover uncollectible taxes currently anticipated, based on past experience and other general and economic factors.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The District's capital assets include leasehold improvements, furniture, and equipment. Capital assets are recorded at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The estimated useful lives range from two to ten years.

Construction in Progress

Construction in progress is stated at cost, which includes the cost of construction and other direct costs attributable to the construction. No provision for depreciation is made on construction in progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and put into use. Construction in progress as of December 31, 2023, represents new furniture and fixtures in progress of installation into the District's office space which was placed in service during 2024.

Leasing arrangements

For arrangements where the District is a lessee, a lease liability and a right of use (ROU) nonfinancial assets are recognized at the commencement of the lease term. ROU assets represent the District's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the District's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. ROU assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the estimated present value of lease payments over the lease term.

The District uses the estimated incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of lease payments when the rate implicit in the lease is not known. The District includes lease extension and termination options in the lease term if, after considering relevant economic factors, it is reasonably certain the District will exercise the option. The District has elected to combine lease and non-lease components for all lease contracts and has not recognized ROU assets and lease liabilities for leases with terms for 12 months or less.

The District had no arrangements wherein it was the lessor during 2024 or 2023.

Taxes Payable to Subdistricts

The District provides resources to the Subdistricts under a continuing appropriation. Accordingly, the District recognizes a liability to the Subdistricts for their allocable share of tax revenues levied by the District. The amount due to Subdistricts represents the funds collected and held by the District in an account on behalf of the Subdistricts, the estimated support from current and prior year tax assessments which were not collected by year-end, and the Subdistricts allocable share of taxes received by the District on the last business day of the year not yet transferred to the Subdistricts' accounts.

Equity Classifications

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components. Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are constraints imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets are reported as unrestricted. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

The District distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Property tax revenues and Subdistrict support constitute the District's principal ongoing operations and therefore are reported as operating. Operating expenses also include the District's administrative expenses. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2023 financial statements to conform to the 2024 presentation.

NOTE B | CASH

Missouri statutes require that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount at least equal to uninsured deposits. The District received an unexpected tax receipt from St. Louis County totaling approximately \$7,800,000 on the last business day in 2023. As a result, deposits totaling \$5,007,012 were not covered by federal depository insurance or collateral at December 31, 2023. The District's deposits were fully insured or collateralized the next business day. At December 31, 2024 all deposits were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name.

NOTE C | CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance at January 1, Additions 2024 and transfers			isposals d transfers	Balance at December 31 2024				
Capital assets not being depreciated Construction in progress	\$	53,252	\$	-	\$	(53,252)	\$	-	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Leasehold improvements		45,358		-		(45,358)		-	
Office furniture and equipment		138,727		94,265		(119,994)		112,998	
Accounting software		14,025		-		(14,025)		-	
Telephone equipment		4,479	-		(4,479)			-	
Right-of-use leased office space		378,580		444,618		(378,580)		444,618	
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation		581,169		538,883		(562,436)		557,616	
Leasehold improvements		(45,358)		-		45,358		-	
Office furniture and equipment		(130,390)		(18,687)		119,990		(29,087)	
Accounting software		(14,025)		-		14,025		-	
Telephone equipment		(4,479)		-		4,479		-	
Right-of-use leased office space		(343,792)		(76,800)		378,580		(42,012)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(538,044)		(95,487)		562,432		(71,099)	
Capital assets, net	\$	96,377	\$	443,396	\$	(53,256)	\$	486,517	

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	alance at inuary 1,					alance at cember 31,
	 2023	Additions		dditions Dispos		 2023
Capital assets not being depreciated Construction in progress	\$ -	\$	53,252	\$	-	\$ 53,252
Capital assets being depreciated						
Leasehold improvements	45,358		-		-	45,358
Office furniture and equipment	128,927		9,800		-	138,727
Accounting software	14,025		-		-	14,025
Telephone equipment	4,479		-		-	4,479
Right-of-use leased office space	378,580	-		-		378,580
Totals at historical cost Less accumulated depreciation	571,369		9,800		-	581,169
Leasehold improvements	(45,358)		-		-	(45,358)
Office furniture and equipment	(126,540)		(3,850)		-	(130,390)
Accounting software	(14,025)		-		-	(14,025)
Telephone equipment	(4,479)		-		-	(4,479)
Right-of-use leased office space	(285,435)		(58,357)		-	(343,792)
Total accumulated depreciation	(475,837)		(62,207)		-	(538,044)
Capital assets, net	\$ 95,532	\$	845	\$	-	\$ 96,377

NOTE D | LEASE COMMITMENTS

The District previously leased office space under lease that expired on July 31, 2024. The District executed a new 10-year and 6-month facility lease arrangement commencing on January 1, 2024 that expires July 31, 2034.

The summary of changes in the long-term lease liability for the year ended December 31, 2024 is as follows:

						E	Balance	Due
	В	alance				Dec	ember 31,	Within
	Janu	ary 1, 2024	 Issued Retired				2024	One Year
Lease liability - office space	\$	34,788	\$ 464,439	\$	(46,220)	\$	453,007	\$ 29,393

The summary of changes in the long-term lease liability for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

							Е	Balance	Due
	В	alance					Dec	ember 31,	Within
	Janu	ary 1, 2023	Issued		F	Retired		2023	One Year
Lease liability - office space	\$	93,145	\$	-	\$	(58,357)	\$	34,788	\$ 34,788

The following is a schedule of minimum annual lease payments under the new facility lease as of December 31, 2024:

Years ended December 31,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$ 29,393	\$ 32,990	\$ 62,383
2026	32,801	30,668	63,469
2027	36,473	28,083	64,556
2028	40,428	25,215	65,643
2029	44,693	22,036	66,729
Thereafter	269,219	50,395	319,614
	\$ 453,007	\$ 189,387	\$ 642,394

NOTE E | RETIREMENT PLANS

All District employees may participate in a 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan. Only the employees contribute to the plan and the contributions are made through payroll deductions.

Prior to January 1, 2013, all full-time employees participated in a single employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the St. Louis Science Center Subdistrict (the Subdistrict) of the Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District. The plan provided retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The contribution requirements of plan members are established by the Subdistrict and may be amended by the Subdistrict. This plan was curtailed on December 31, 2012. As of December 31, 2024, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the plan had a net pension liability of approximately \$4,366,448. The District believes its proportionate share of the plan's net pension liability would not be material in relation to the District's financial position and changes in financial position.

Beginning on January 1, 2013, all District employees are eligible to participate in the District's Profit Sharing Plan and Money Purchase Pension Plan administered by the District. The plan requires contributions by the District equaling seven percent of each qualifying participant's compensation for each plan year.

The District's required contributions for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$16,897 and \$16,141, respectively.

NOTE F | PROTESTED TAXES

Each year the City and County remit certain unresolved protested tax payments to the District. When the City or County refunds tax payments to those who are successful in their protests, it withholds the refunded amount from future distributions to taxing districts. The District believes that any future withholdings by the City or the County will not be material in relation to the District's financial position and changes in financial position.

NOTE G | RISK MANAGEMENT

The District carries commercial insurance to mitigate any potential risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; officers' liability; and injuries to employees and natural disasters. There have been no reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

NOTE H | TAX ABATEMENTS

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors for the benefit of each Subdistrict. St. Louis City and County have entered into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses to encourage economic development. The property taxes abated by the County reduced District revenues by \$1,362,611 and \$1,342,823 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. The property taxes abated by the City reduced District revenues by \$1,415,531 and \$1,981,390 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

St. Louis, MO 63102



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District (the District) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2025. Our report on the financial statements disclosed that the financial statements include only the financial activities of the primary government and that the financial activities of the District's legally separate component units that form the reporting entity are not included.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kuber, Eck # Brandel LLP

St. Louis, Missouri March 27, 2025